POPULATION DYNAMICS OF HIRSCHMANNIELLA ORYZAE, THE RICE ROOT NEMATODE, IN RELATION TO RICE CULTIVAR, SOIL TEMPERATURE AND NEMATODE CONTROL

M.M.A. YOUSSEF

Department of Plant Pathology, Nematology Unit, National Research Centre, Dokki, Cairo, Egypt.

Abstract

Six rice cultivars belonging to Japonica (Sakha 101, Sakha 102, Giza 176 and Giza 177), Indica-Japonica (Giza 178) and Indica (Yamani) groups were evaluated against infection by Hirschmanniella oryzae, the rice root nematode under field conditions. Rice cultivars belonging to Japonica group were more susceptible to H. oryzae than the other groups. There was a positive correlation (r = 0.9) between the root population of H. oryzae and prevalent soil temperature, whereas, negative correlation (r = 0.07) was observed for the soil population of this pest. The nematicidal activity of methanol extract of Tagetes erecta was more as compared to T. patula